

# AUTOMATION AND PROTECTION OF A NAVAL FACILITY MICROGRID WITH CHP & STANDBY GENERATION

**IDEA Campus Energy 2015** 

### PRESENTATION AGENDA

#### **NSF** Indian Head Microgrid

- Project Overview
- Operational Modes
- System Automation
- System Protection



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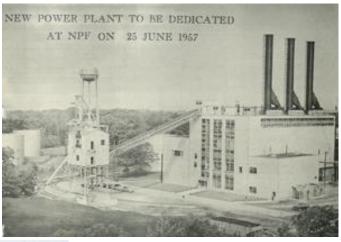


### PROJECT OVERVIEW

#### **Project Objectives**

- Demolish Goddard Power Plant
- Increase Steam System Efficiency
- Modernize Electrical System







NEWS RELEASE FROM THE NAVFAC WASHINGTON PUBLIC AFFAIRS OFFICE

For Immediate Release: October 4, 2012

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#### **Goddard Power Plant Complex Set For Demolition**

Replacement will cut energy and water consumption at NSF Indian Head

By NAVFAC Washington Public Affairs

The Navy's last coal-fired power plant is set to close after Naval Facilities Engineering Command Washington awarded a \$68 million contract Sept. 28 to build a more efficient facility.



### PROJECT OVERVIEW

#### 13.2kV System Configuration

- Two 69-13.2kV Substation Transformers
- Two On-site Generation Locations
- Two 2.5MW Standby Generators at B1920
- One 4.6MW CT/HRSG at Strauss (plus one future)

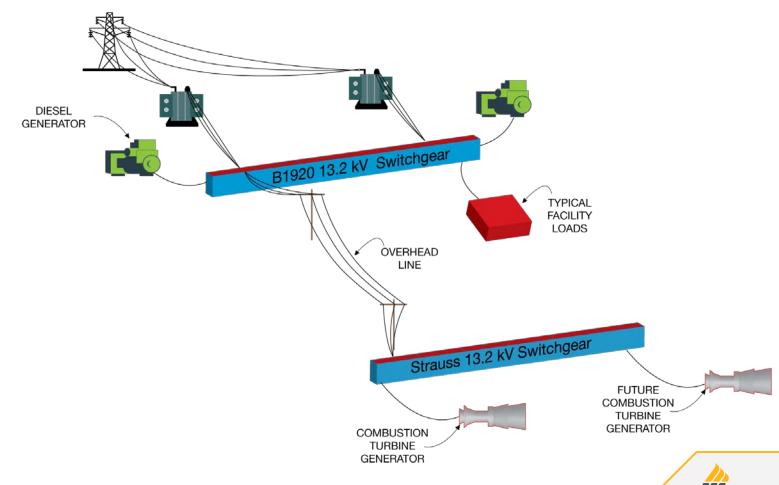






### **PROJECT OVERVIEW**

#### 13.2kV System Configuration



### **OPERATIONAL MODES**

#### **Design Criteria**

- Maintain Power to Critical Loads
- Maintain Steam Production
- Performance of CT/HRSG Critical to Both





### **OPERATIONAL MODES**

#### Six Sources = A Complex System

- Operational Modes; 2<sup>6</sup> = 64 possibilities
- Transitions Between Modes are Critical
- What Triggers a Transition Event?

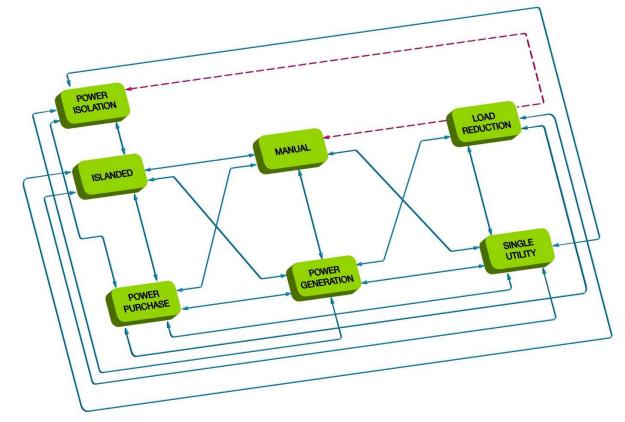
#### TRANSITION TABLE

ID	INITIAL MODE	FINAL MODE	TRIGGER EVENT	PREREQUISITE CONDITIONS	ACTIONS
14	POWER GENERATION	ISLANDED	NO UTILITY SOURCES AVAILABLE	LOSS OF BOTH SUBSTATION TRANSFORMER SOURCES	OPEN BLDG 1920 MAIN BREAKERS; RESPOND BASED ON SYSTEM LOAD LEVEL
15	POWER GENERATION	POWER ISOLATION	STRAUSS INTERCONNECTION LOST	LOSS OF POWER INTERCONNECTION BETWEEN STRAUSS AND BUILDING 1920	DECREASE LOAD ON CTG(S); OPEN CTG BREAKER(S); SHUTDOWN CTG(S); START DG(S) TO ALLOW STRAUSS TO CONTINUE STEAM PRODUCTION



## **OPERATIONAL MODES**

### **Transition State Diagram**





### SYSTEM AUTOMATION

#### **Design Approach**

- Integrated System; Two Locations
- Independent Automation Processors
- Unmanned Operation







### SYSTEM AUTOMATION

#### **Operation Comparison**

	POWER GENERATION	POWER PURCHASE	ISLANDED
UTILITY SOURCE	On-line	On-line	Off-line
CT/HRSG	On-line; Running at base load setpoint or to follow load	Off-line	On-line; Running to proportionally share load with diesel generators
DIESEL GENERATORS	Off-line	Off-line	On-line; Running to proportionally share load with CT/HRSG



### SYSTEM AUTOMATION

### **Challenges**

- System Complexity
- Communications Latency
- Operational Speed vs System Uptime
- Complement Protection Scheme

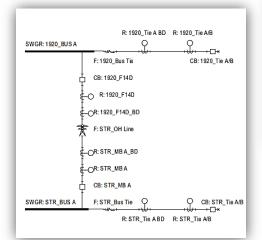


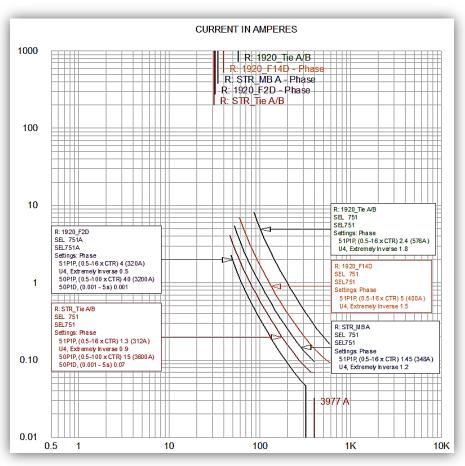




#### **Design Approach**

- Meet Utility Interconnection Requirements
- Ensure Machine Protection
- Minimize System Outages
- Support Grid-connected & Islanded Modes



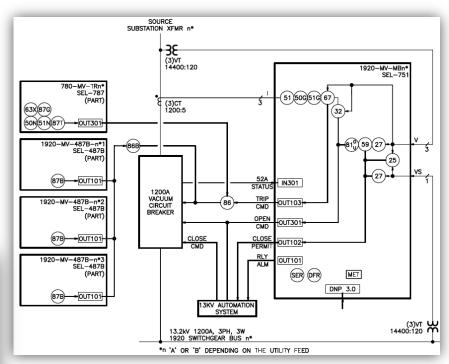




#### **Utility Interconnection**

- No Export of Power
- Coordinate with Utility Reclosing Breaker
- Use of Frequency & Voltage Functions

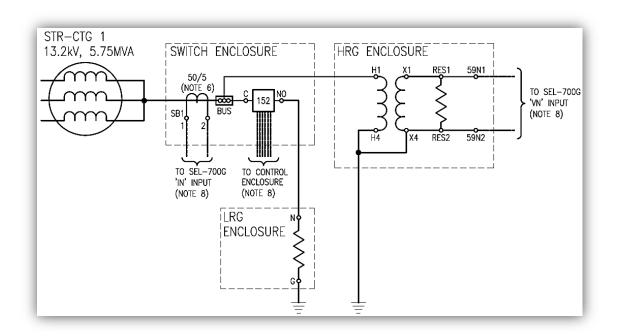






#### Grounding

- Low Resistance System Grounding
- Hybrid High/Low Resistance CT/HRSG Grounding





#### **Scheme Development**

- Consider Multiple Sources
- Minimize Outages
- Coordinate with Automation System







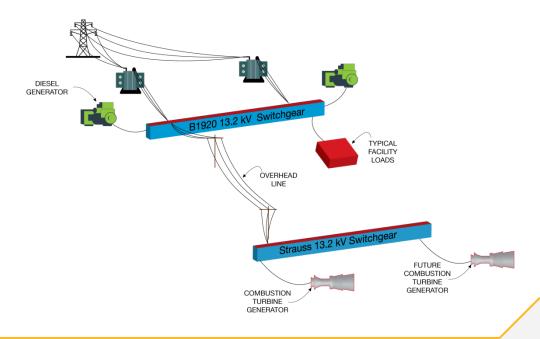


## **CONCLUSION**

Microgrids are Complex Systems

**Evaluation of Scenarios is Critical** 

Intelligent, Automated Operations are Essential







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